What Is Claimed Is:

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- 1. A method of identifying LPXTG-containing cell wall-anchored surface proteins from Gram positive bacteria that bind to an extracellular matrix molecule comprising searching a database of sequence information to identify a putative protein sequence from Gram positive bacteria having an LPXTG-motif in its C-terminal region, analyzing the identified sequence to determine the presence of one or more IG-like fold regions, and positively identifying said putative protein sequence as an LPXTG-containing cell wall-anchored surface protein that binds to an extracellular matrix molecule if that sequence has one or more IG-like fold regions of an LPXTG-containing cell wall-anchored surface protein that binds to an extracellular matrix molecule.
- 2. The method according to Claim 1 wherein the Gram positive bacteria is from a genus selected from the group consisting of *Enterococcus, Streptococcus, Staphylococcus* and *Bacillus*.
 - 3. The method according to Claim 1 wherein the Gram positive bacteria is from a species selected from the group consisting of *Enterococcus faecalis*, *Enterococcus faecium*, *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, *Streptococcus mutans*, *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Staphylococcus epidermidis*, and *Bacillus anthracis*.
- 4. The method according to Claim 1 wherein the Ig-like folds of the putative LPXTG-containing protein sequence are determined by comparing the sequence of that protein with the sequence of Ig-like folds in a known LPXTG-containing cell wall-anchored surface protein that binds to an extracellular matrix molecule

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- 5. The method according to Claim 4 wherein the putative LPXTG-containing protein is compared to a known LPXTG-containing protein using a probability value based on the comparison of the sequences, and wherein a putative LPXTG-containing protein is identified as an LPXTG-containing cell wall-anchored surface protein that binds to an extracellular matrix molecule when the probability value is <0.25.
 - 6. An isolated protein identified by the method of Claim 1.
- The isolated protein according to Claim 6 wherein the protein is selected from the group consisting of Gram positive bacterial proteins identified as SP0368, SP0462, SP0463, SP0464; EF2224, EF1091, EF1092, EF1093, EF3023, EF1269, EF0089, EF1824, EF1075, EF1074, EF1651, SMU.610, SMU.987, SMU.63c, SA2447, SA2290, SA2291, SA2423, SA0742, SA0519, SA0520, SA0521, BA0871, BA5258, SERP_GSE_14_6.AA, SERP_GRE_2_50.AA, SERP_GSE_9_28.AA, SEPN_5_124.AA, and SEPN_8 63.AA.
 - 8. An isolated A domain of the protein according to Claim 6.
- 20 9. An isolated antibody that can bind to a protein according to Claim 6.
 - 10. An isolated nucleic acid sequence encoding the protein according to Claim 6.
- 25 11. A method of identifying LPXTG-containing cell wall-anchored surface proteins from Gram positive bacteria that bind to an extracellular matrix molecule comprising searching a database of sequence information to identify a putative protein sequence from Gram positive bacteria having an LPXTG-motif in its C-terminal region, analyzing the identified sequence to determine if said sequence has a signal peptide at the N-terminus, the LPXTG-motif close to the

C-terminus followed by a hydrophobic transmembrane segment, and several positively charged residues at the C-terminus, and positively identifying said putative protein sequence as an LPXTG-containing cell wall-anchored surface protein that binds to an extracellular matrix molecule if that sequence has a signal peptide at the N-terminus, the LPXTG-motif close to the C-terminus followed by a hydrophobic transmembrane segment, and several positively charged residues at the C-terminus.

12. An isolated protein identified by the method of Claim 11.

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- 13. An isolated A domain of the protein according to Claim 12.
- 14. An isolated antibody that can bind to a protein according to Claim 12.
- 15. An isolated nucleic acid sequence encoding the protein according to Claim 11.
- 16. An isolated LPXTG-containing cell wall-anchored surface protein from Gram positive bacteria or A domain from said protein having an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, SEQ ID NO:3, SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:5, SEQ ID NO:6, SEQ ID NO:7, SEQ ID NO:9, SEQ ID NO:11, SEQ ID NO:13, SEQ ID NO:15, SEQ ID NO:17, SEQ ID NO:19, SEQ ID NOS:20-24 and the A domains of said sequences.
- 25 17. An isolated nucleic acid sequence encoding the protein according to Claim 16.
- 18. An isolated nucleic acid encoding an PXTG-containing cell wall-anchored surface protein from Gram positive bacteria or A domain from said
 30 protein having a nucleic acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ

ID NO: 8, SEQ ID NO:10, SEQ ID NO:12, SEQ ID NO:14, SEQ ID NO:16, and SEQ ID NO:18, or degenerates thereof.

- 19. An isolated antibody that can bind to a protein according to Claim 16.
- 20. The antibody according to Claim 19 wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.

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- 21. The antibody according to Claim 19 selected from the group consisting of single chain, chimeric, murine, humanized and human monoclonal antibodies.
 - 22. The antibody according to Claim 19, wherein said antibody treats or prevents a Gram positive bacterial infection in a human or animal.
 - 23. The antibody according to Claim 19, wherein said antibody is suitable for parenteral, oral, intranasal, subcutaneous, aerosolized or intravenous administration in a human or animal.
- 20 24. Isolated antisera containing an antibody according to Claim 19.
 - 25. A diagnostic kit comprising an antibody according to Claim 19 and means for detecting binding by that antibody.
- 26. A diagnostic kit according to Claim 25 wherein said means for detecting binding comprises a detectable label that is linked to said antibody.
- 27. A method of treating or preventing a infection of a Gram positive bacteria comprising administering to a human or animal patient an effective amount of an antibody according to Claim 19.

28. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an effective amount of the antibody of Claim 19 and a pharmaceutically acceptable vehicle, carrier or excipient.

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- 29. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an immunogenic amount of the protein or peptide of Claim 8 and a pharmaceutically acceptable vehicle, carrier or excipient.
- 30. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an immunogenic amount of the protein or peptide of Claim 16 and a pharmaceutically acceptable vehicle, carrier or excipient.
- 31. A method of treating or preventing a infection of a Gram positive bacteria comprising administering to a human or animal patient an effective amount of an antibody according to Claim 19.
 - 32. A method of diagnosing an infection caused by a Gram positive bacteria comprising introducing the antibody according to Claim 19 into a sample of biological material suspected of having such an infection and determining if said antibody binds with antigens in said sample.
 - 33. A method of eliciting an immunogenic reaction in a human or animal comprising administering to said human or animal an immunologically effective amount of the protein according to Claim 8.
 - 34. A vaccine comprising an immunogenic amount of the protein according to Claim 8 and a pharmaceutically acceptable vehicle, carrier or excipient.

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35. A method of assaying for the presence of antigens from Gram positive bacteria in a biological sample suspected of containing said antigens comprising (a) simultaneously forming a mixture comprising the sample, together with an antibody according to Claim 19 in the form of either a solid phase immobilized antibody bound to a solid phase immunoadsorbent or a soluble labeled antibody; (b) incubating the mixture formed in step (a) for a time and under conditions sufficient to allow antigen in the sample to bind to either said immobilized or said labeled antibody; and (c) detecting either labeled antibody bound to the solid phase immunoadsorbent or detecting the labeled soluble antibody.

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- 36. A method according to Claim 35 further including a step of washing, stirring, shaking or filtering.
- 37. A method of monitoring the level of Gram positive bacteria antigens in a human or animal patient suspected of containing said antigens comprising (a) obtaining a biological sample from said human or animal patient; (b) introducing into said sample either a determinable level of an antibody according to Claim 19, (c) incubating the sample when combined with the antibodies for a time and under conditions sufficient to allow the antigens and antibodies to bind; and (d) monitoring the level of antigens in the sample by determining the level of antigen-antibody binding which will reflect the level of Gram positive bacterial antigens which are in the sample.
- 38. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an immunogenic amount of the protein according to Claim 16 and a pharmaceutically acceptable vehicle, carrier or excipient.

- 39. A method of diagnosing an infection caused by a Gram positive bacteria comprising introducing the protein according to Claim 16 into a sample of biological material suspected of having such an infection and determining if said protein binds to antibodies in said sample.
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- 40. A method of eliciting an immunogenic reaction in a human or animal comprising administering to said human or animal an immunologically effective amount of the protein according to Claim 16.